The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1866. VOL. 61.—WHOLE No. 5,365.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2.00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six months. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents* per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line. *All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.*

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

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Half column - - -	18 00	25 00	45 00
One column - - -	30 00	45 00	80 00

One square to occupy one inch of space.

JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has been refitted with a Power Press and new type, everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressd to

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Publishers.

Attorneys at Law.

JOSEPH W. TATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will promptly attend to collections of bounty, back pay, &c., and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Will advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.

Also for sale Town lots in Tatesville, where a new Church is erected, and where a large School House shall be built. Farms, Land and Timber Lots, from one acre to 500 acres to suit purchasers.

Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and one door of Reed & Schell.

April 6, 1866—1y

M'D. SHARPE. | E. F. KERR.

SHARPE & KERR, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. BEDFORD, PA., will practice in the Courts of Bedford and adjoining counties. Office on Juliana st., opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell. [March 2, '65.

C. DEBORROW. | JOHN LUTZ.

DEBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.

They are also, regularly licensed Claim Agents and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.

Office on Juliana street, one door South of the "Mengel House," and nearly opposite the *Inquirer* office.

JOHN P. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Respectfully tenders his services to the public.

Office second door North of the Mengel House.
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Particular attention paid to the collection of Military claims. Office on Juliana Street, nearly opposite the Mengel House.
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected. Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, three doors South of the Mengel House.
Jan. 22, 1864.

J. KIMMELL. | J. W. LINGENFELTER.

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., have formed a partnership in the practice of Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

H. SPANG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Ritchey.
May 13, 1864.

J. REYER S. | J. W. DICKERSON.

MEYERS & DICKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Bedford, Pa., office formerly occupied by Hon. W. P. Schell, two doors east of the GAZETTE office, will practice in the several courts of Bedford county. Pensions, bounty and back pay obtained and the purchase and sale of real estate attended to. [may11,'65.

JOHN H. FILLER, *Attorney at Law*, Bedford, Pa. Office nearly opposite the Post Office. [apr. 20, '65.—1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

D. H. PENNSYL, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., (late surgeon 56th P. V. V.,) tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Dec. 22, '65—1y*

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY RUN, PA., tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office one door west of Richard Langdon's store.
Nov. 24, '65—1y

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell.
Bedford, February 12, 1864.

B. H. ASHCOM. | J. G. HINRICH, JR.,

DENTISTS, BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

Operations pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully performed, and warranted. Tooth Powders and mouth Washes, extra articles, always on hand.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.

DR. GEO. C. DOUGLAS, Respectfully tenders his professional services to the people of Bedford and vicinity.

Residence at Maj. Washabaugh's.
Sept. 24, '66.

Bankers.

REED, | J. J. SCHELL.

REED AND SCHELL, *Bankers and* DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, BEDFORD, PA.,

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

SUPT. .....O. E. SHANNON.....P. BENEDICT

SUPP, SHANNON & CO., BANKERS, BEDFORD, PA.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange attended. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. Oct. 20, 1865.

Miscellaneous.

DANIEL BORDER, FIFTH STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.

Keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Reflecting, also Scotch Pebble Glasses, Gold Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality Gold Pens. He will supply to order anything in his line not on hand.
Dec. 20, 1865.

D. R. ANDERSON,

Conveyancer and Scrivener and Conveyancer, CENTREVILLE, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA.,

Will attend to the writing of Deeds, Mortgages, Articles of Agreement, and all business entrusted to a Scrivener and Conveyancer. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
April 6, '66—tf

Hardware, &c.

GEO. BLYMYER. | JOHN P. BLYMYER.

GEORGE BLYMYER & SON having formed a partnership, on the 6th of March, 1866, in the

HARDWARE & HOUSE FURNISHING BUSINESS,

respectfully invite the public to their new rooms, three doors west of the old stand, where they will find an immense stock of the most splendid goods ever brought to Bedford county. These goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Persons desirous of purchasing BUILDING HARDWARE will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

WHITE LEAD.—We have on hand a large quantity of White Lead, which we have been fortunate to buy a little lower than the market rates. The particular brands to which we would invite attention, are the

Pure Buck Lead,
Liberty White Lead,
Snow Franklin White Lead,
Washington White Lead,
Washington Zinc White Lead,
New York White Lead.

ALSO:—*French Porcelain Finish;*
Demar Varnish;
Varnishes of all kinds.
Flaxseed Oil, (pure.)
Turpentine and Alcohol.

All kinds of IRON and NAILS.

No. 1 CHRYSTAL ILLUMINATING COAL OIL.

LAMPS in profusion.

We would invite persons wanting Saddlery Hardware, to give us a call, as we have everything in the Saddlery line, such as Buckles, Rings, Hames and Webbing Leather of all kinds; also a variety of Shoe Findings, consisting of French Calf Skins, Morocco Linings, Bindings, Pegs, etc.

Housekeepers will find at Blymyer & Son's store a great variety of household goods. Knives and Fork of the very best quality; Plated Table and Tea Spoons at all prices.

Give us a call and we can supply you with Barn Door Rollers, the latest improvements; Nova Scotia Grindstones, better than any in use; Shovels, Forks and Spades.

Grain and Grass Scythes and Snathes; Fishing Tackle; Brushes of all kinds; Demi-Johns; Patent Wheel Grease, Tar and Whale Oil, and an infinite variety of articles.

$20,000 WANTED—Would like to get it if our friends would let us have it. Less will do; but persons having unsettled accounts will close them up to the first of March, to enable us to close our old books. This should be done.

may4,'66. GEO. BLYMYER & SON.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

J. L. LEWIS having purchased the Drug Store, lately owned by Mr. H. C. Reamer takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he has just returned from the cities with a well selected stock of

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
DYE-STUFFS,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
STATIONERY,
COAL OIL, LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,
BEST BRANDS OF CIGARS,
SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO,
FRENCH CONFECTIONS, &c., &c

The stock of Drugs and Medicines consist of the purest quality, and selected with great care.

General assortment of popular Patent Medicines.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly invited to the stock of PERFUMERY, TOILET and FANCY ARTICLES, consisting of the best perfumes of the day. Colognes, Soaps, Preparations for the Hair, Complexion and Teeth; Camphor ice for chapped hands; Teeth and Hair Brushes, Port Monaies, &c.

Of Stationery, there is a fine assortment: Billet, Note, Letter, Leaf and Mourning Paper, Envelops, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Blank Deeds, Power of Attorneys, Drafting Paper, Marriage Certificates, &c., &c. Also, a large quantity of Books, which will be sold very cheap.

Coal Oil Lamp Hinge Burner, can be lighted without removing the chimney—all patterns and prices. Glass Lanterns, very neat, for burning Coal Oil. Lamp chimneys of an improved pattern. Lamp Shades of beautiful patterns.

Howe's Family Dye Colors, the shades being light Fawn, Drab, Snuff and Dark Brown, Light and Dark Blue, Light and Dark Green, Yellow, Pink, Orange, Royal Purple, Scarlet, Maroon, Magenta, Cherry and Black

Humphrey's Homeopathic Remedies.

Cigars of best brands, smokers can rely on a good cigar.

Rose Smoking Tobacco,
Michigan and Solace Fine Cut,
Natural Leaf, Twist and Big Plug,
Finest and purest French Confections,
PURE DOMESTIC WINES,
Consisting of Grape, Blackberry and Elderberry
FOR MEDICINAL USE.

☞ The attention of physicians is invited to the stock of *Drugs and Medicines*, which they can purchase at reasonable prices.

Country Merchants' orders promptly filled. Goods put up with neatness and care, and at reasonable prices.

J. L. LEWIS designs keeping a first class Drug Store, and having on hand at all times a general assortment of goods. Being a Druggist of several years experience, physicians can rely on having their prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. [Feb 9, '66—tf

Notices, &c.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW—a second hand PIANO. Inquire of
apr.13,'66.-tf. C. N. HICKOK.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.—The undersigned has the blanks now ready and will attend promptly to the collection of all claims under the law lately passed for the Equalization of Bounties.
aug.17-tf. J. W. DICKERSON.

LAST NOTICE.—My old books must be squared by cash or note immediately. Those persons who may fail to settle their accounts, on or before August 15th, 1866, must blame *themselves*, if they have costs to pay, as I have been very indulgent, and now need money.
jul.13—tf. WM. HARTLEY.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.—All persons are cautioned against trespassing upon the premises of the undesigned, for the purpose of fishing, hunting gathering nuts, berries, &c., as the law will be strictly enforced against all thus offending.

B. R. ASHCOM,
MICH. LUTZ,
WM. GRI-SINGER,
ADAM SCHAFFER.

jul.21-3m.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres of excellent limestone land, about 15 acres well timbered, the remainder under cultivation, lying a few miles north of Bedford, for sale on reasonable terms. For particulars apply to MEYERS & DICKERSON.
may18.-3ms. Bedford, Pa.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to us for advertising Administrators', Executors', Auditors' Notices, Orphans' Court sales and other sales of Real Estate, and for printing bills, &c., &c., will please call and settle for the same, as all such advertising and printing should be CASH MEYERS & MENGEL.
Feb 16, '66—tf.

TANNERS, ATTENTION!—A new Tannery, in good order, containing one pool, three limes, three baits, five leaches, thirty-four lay-a-way vats, with the necessary number of handlers, in as good a location as can be found in Bedford county, for rent. For further information call at this office. Nov. 17, '65—tf

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD GAZETTE is larger than that of any other paper in this section of country, and therefore offers the greatest inducements to business men to advertise in its columns.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

HARTLEY & METZGER Keep constantly on hand a large Stock of general HARDWARE. They have just received 50 DOZEN BEST & CHEAPEST FRUIT JARS ever offered to the public. They keep all kinds of Farm Machinery, including Mowers and Reapers, Cider Mills, Fodder Cutters and Willoughby's Gum Spring Roller Grain Drills, the best in the world.
jul.13,'66.

H. F. IRVINE, ANDERSON'S ROW, BEDFORD, PA., Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Queensware, and Varieties. ☞ Orders from Country Merchants respectfully solicited.
Oct 20, 1865,

SELF-SEALING FRUIT CANS AT
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES AT
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S

The Bedford Gazette.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON AT BUFFALO.

On the arrival of the Presidential Excursion Party at Buffalo, N. Y., they were welcomed by Ex-President Fillmore, in an eloquent and patriotic speech, to which President Johnson replied, saying among other things the following:

It was truly said in the beginning of the struggle, I placed myself behind the Constitution of my country as the great rampart of freedom; (Cheers); and by it I have stood undeviatingly to this moment. It has been said that I have abandoned those who elected me, and I am charged with treason, but if the men before me look into the hearts of my opponents and into mine, they would see who the traitors to the Union and the Constitution are. (Cheers.) I started in this struggle in opposition to those who were trying to divide the government of the United States, and who made themselves the leaders in the South. There I have stood. I was determined that where this great circle of the Union, this magic circle of freedom, was attacked, whether from the North or the South, my business was as far as in me lay to protect and defend it. I have stood against the attack that was made from the South; I stood there until victory perched upon our standard, until the army was disbanded and until the rebels came forward to acknowledge their error and confessed that the sword, the arbiter which they had selected, had settled the question against them. In a spirit of magnanimity they said to their sister states and to their fellow-countrymen, that they were willing to accept the terms of the government, to be obedient to the Constitution and to receive the protection of the Union. They wanted to be a part and parcel of us again. I said this: Obey the Constitution, submit to the laws, and let us all become one people again. The work progressed, the States met in Convention and revised their Constitutions, and their Legislatures assembled and did the three things required of them, and in those three things the Cabinet participated, and one of them was your distinguished fellow-citizen, the Secretary of State, Wm. H. Seward, and what was then said to these people and their error? We said to them—rescind your ordinance of secession. They did it. We said to them, abolish all obligations in the shape of debts contracted for carrying on the rebellion. They did it. We said to them, furthermore, we must have a great national guarantee that no one State could touch or interfere with—what was it? It was the ratification of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States abolishing slavery, now and forever, within the jurisdiction of the United States. They did it. Now that the apple of discord is removed—now that they are willing to accept of our terms—now that they acknowledge obedience to the Constitution and the laws—now that they are willing even to help in payment of the debt that has been incurred in the suppression of this rebellion—now that they are willing to take up the flag of the United States and the Constitution of the country, let us go together to the common altar and let all else perish for the preservation of the government. It was not in my nature or in my heart to say under these circumstances that they were not a part of the government. I said, as others have said, they are the bone of our bone and flesh of our flesh. They are our kindred and we theirs. We are a part and parcel of a great whole. The parts are as essential to the whole as the whole is to the parts. This great government cannot get along without the South, without the North, the East and the West. Large as it is, it is not large enough to divide. We should have no division, but go on with the work of restoration, and resume our career of prosperity and greatness.

Without distinction of party, I have been made welcome here to-day. Thank God the time is coming when men are tearing loose from the shackles of party. Thank God the time is coming when we can see the greatest and best men of the country rally around this altar instead of their party, and when we begin to see the country rise above party you may be well assured that all is safe. I repeat, the Constitution and the Union are in your hands. I know they will be safe. May God's blessing rest upon you. Good bye.

SPEECH OF MR. SEWARD.

Calls were made for Secretary Seward, who in the course of his remarks said:

Fellow-citizens, one word: the President struck the key-note of the political argument of this day and this time. It is that this Union ought not, must not, can not remain divided. It has been divided five years already. It must be closed up. The circle must be closed within the coming year. Since the war, which left it dissolved and divided, this same Andrew Johnson has been President seventeen months. Your Congressmen have been Congressmen eighteen months. The Union, in nine-tenths of its parts, is already restored; law, order, justice, taxation, everything, is complete, except the one thing of representation of ten States in Congress. The question is between the President and the Congress. Of all that has been done, tell me what the Congressmen of the United States have done? Of all that has been done to bring us so near the consummation, you see that nothing has been done except through the direct agency, activity, and patriotism of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States. Will you stand, then, by Congress? (cries of "No, no.") or will you stand by the President? [A voice "We will stand by the President forever."]

Then, you are New Yorkers. You stand just where I purpose to stand. (Cheers.) Mr. Seward here introduced Secretary Welles. Ex-President Fillmore introduced Admiral Farragut, remarking, "he couples his ships together, and don't mean that the States shall be separated."

General Custer said, "he did not intend to mak a speech, but he fought for the Constitution and the Union for four years." He was warmly applauded.

Mr. Seward introduced Senor Romero as the Minister from Mexico, when three cheers were given for that republic.

PATRIOTIC LETTER OF EX-GOV. JOHNSTON.

The following letter of ex-Governor WM. F. JOHNSTON, was received by WM. M. ALLISON, Esq., and read at the great Democratic National Union Meeting held in Mifflintown, on Tuesday night of last week:

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31, 1866.

Wm. M. Allison, Esq.

My Dear Sir—Pressure of official duties will prevent an acceptance of your kind invitation to address the people of Juniata county, at their meeting on the 11th of September. I regret very sincerely that the pleasure is thus denied to me of again meeting many old and esteemed friends, and conferring with them upon the issues now agitating our country and dividing in sentiment our people. It would have been a pleasing duty to have been permitted to say to my old acquaintances that the same cordial and undying love for the Union of the States and the supremacy of the Constitution of our fathers still controls, as it has in all times past, my political action. I desire no *improved*, remodeled or better Constitution and Union than that under which the country has prospered in peace, conquered in war, and triumphantly vindicated American *liberal* institutions at home and abroad. The present contest for political power involves great and sacred principles and truths, and upon its decision much of the future peace, prosperity and progress of our country depend. In this contest, I shall faithfully and with what small ability I possess advocate and maintain "the unity of the government" the "nationality of the people" of the United States. I shall ask no "shibboleth" of party, know no sectional schemes of war cries, but enter upon, continue, and end the fight under the glorious banner of the national Constitution. I shall most cordially unite with all men, irrespective of former party associations, who are willing to defend these principles and war under this banner. It is alleged, I am aware, that there is no design upon the part of any political organization now existing to destroy or break up the Union of the States. The allegation is thus made, and many good men, no doubt, believe in this truth. If no such design is intended, it is manifestly true that the *practical* effect of the action of the last Congress is in that direction, and must result, if persevered in or permitted by the people, in the establishment of a system of laws and regulations violative of the *spirit* of an equal Union of the States, and subversive of the fundamental truths of American institutions.

To bring us back to the purer feelings of the Republic was the purpose of the late Philadelphia convention.—The acts and sayings of that assemblage are before the people, and submitted to them for approval or rejection. The result of that decision there is little doubt will be rendered in such *form* and *force* as to settle forever the supremacy of the Christian feeling of brotherly kindness that must exist, if we intend to live together as one people, under one government.

To endorse, as you propose, the action of President Johnson in relation to his courageous, patriotic and wise efforts to restore at the earliest moment the late rebellious States, now in full submission to the laws, to their rights under the Constitution, is so manifestly the duty of every citizen, untrammelled by unmeaning bigotry, and free from partizan malignities, that I shall be sadly mistaken in the character of my old neighbors and friends if they do not the work effectually.

If national unity, for which our soldiers fought, and the preservation of the Constitution which our fathers framed, constitute your platform, count me in the fight, in spirit, if not bodily present in your councils and warfare.

Very truly yours, &c.,
WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON.

THE passage of the Rump amendment will deprive Pennsylvania of at least one Congressional representative. Massachusetts will lose none. Will Pennsylvania deprive herself of power in order to build up the strength of New England, which is already too great in Congress?

BRIMSTONE Brownlow said at Philadelphia: "If I have after death to go either to hell or Heaven, I shall prefer to go with loyal negroes to hell than with white traitors to Heaven!" In that event it would be hard to say which to pity most—the poor darkies or the devil.

SPEECH OF HON. HIESTER CLYMER.

AT UNIONTOWN, PA.

On Friday, August 31st, 1866.

Mr. Clymer commenced by stating he would not turn ressurrectionist, and dig up the dead issues of the past.—The fearful war through which we have just passed has wiped away the old questions of slavery and secession, and left us with living issues, upon the proper settlement of which depends the prosperity of the Union. The war was waged for three purposes: First, to preserve the Union intact; second, to sustain the Constitution; and, third, to enforce the laws. [Cheers.] It was to accomplish these purposes you gave your sons to the bloody harvest. Suppose three years ago, you had been told it was to give a social and political equality to four millions of negroes, would any body of men—would the Democratic party—have supported the war had such been its declared purpose. [Cries of "no," "no."] Certainly not, nor would the Republicans, for they as a party have never been known as a war party. [Laughter.] After Grant received the sword of Lee, a yankee peddler could have travelled from the Penobscot to the Gulf without being disturbed. There was peace throughout the length and breadth of the land. Why then has the Union not been restored in its pristine glory? It is because the radical Republicans have taken the place of armed rebels in the field. [Uproarious cheering.] The only traitors in the country to-day are those who travel under the disunion flag of the Radical Republican party.—[Continued cheering.]

With the surrender of Lee and Johnston, the objects of the war were accomplished. But just at the close of the contest, one of those rare and horrid crimes occurred, around which gather in history the circling events of centuries—the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States. If, under his administration, harmony should again come to the land, who will not see in the auspicious event the spirit of God moving over the troubled waters. Educated in the faith of Jefferson, and brought up at the feet of Jackson, Andrew Johnson when he took an oath to support the Constitution, and enforce the laws, meant to keep that oath, and most nobly has he done so. [Loud cheers.] The speaker then traced the reconstruction policy of the President, and showed its identity, in the formation of provisional governments for the late rebellious States with the policy inaugurated by President Lincoln in the cases of Louisiana and Tennessee. Was not that his duty? What else could he do? Was he not bound, as the Executive of the nation, to reconstruct the State governments and establish law and order among the people? [Cheers.] But he even went beyond this; he required of the reconstructed States that they should ratify the Constitutional amendment abolishing slavery, and repudiate the rebel debt. The States acceded to these conditions; and no one at the North gainsayed the acts of the President at this time last year, when his policy had been fully developed. Every one—Democrat and Republican—united in saying he had done his duty, and done it patriotically and judiciously. The Democrats not only earnestly endorsed him, but went farther and proclaimed from every stump in the State that the Republican endorsement of the President was a sham and a fraud. ["It was."] We were denounced by the opposition for pointing out their deceit; and that party went into power a year ago upon their endorsement of the President's policy. They won the October elections in this State by a clear case of false pretences.—[Cheers.] It was not the first time they had carried elections in that way, but he trusted in God it would be the last. [Tremendous cheering.] They were no sooner seated in power, than the radical leaders falsified their pledges, and declared that the President's reconstruction plan would not suit them. The only reason in the world for this change in their views was this: If the Southern States were admitted to their just and constitutional share in the Government, the Republican party would be driven from power. [Cheers.] The radical leaders seeing this, determined that the States should not be admitted until they effected a perpetual insurance on their own retention of power and patronage. Mr Clymer then exposed the programme of the radicals in Congress, from the hour that Colfax declared it, prior to his election as Speaker, through all its varied phases in the action of the Committee of Fifteen. In forming this Committee, they erected inside of the government a secret tribunal that finds its parallel alone in the Directory of the French revolution. [Cheers.] From this fitting beginning the radicals started on a career of outrage and treason that can only be corrected by the people. They had been eight months in maturing their plans in Congress. The proceedings of Congress showed that they deemed it a necessity that at least once a day some tinker from New England or the West should present an amendment to the Constitution. [Laughter.] But there was one thing yet wanting, and that something to give immortality to a party rotten at heart. [Cheers.] For this they schemed and plotted eight months, and finally, when it came to the dog days, they were driven to the adoption of what is known as the "Congressional plan." He then proceeded to analyze the proposed Constitutional amendments. The second amendment regulating, or rather attempting to tube the States into negro suffrage, he showed was to benefit the New England States, in which there is no negro population, by cutting down the representation of States with a large negro population. Under it Pennsylvania, with its hundred thousand negroes, would lose a member of Congress. The amendment proscribing all the people of the South who participated in the rebellion he branded as an attempt to drive all the heart, the brain and the manhood out of the Southern States. If this government is to exist it cannot exist with the mark of degradation on the brow of a large and influential class of its population. [Cheers.]

Mr. Clymer then quoted at length from Wendell Phillipps' at Framingham, Mass., in July last, to show that after all the amendments was nothing but a cheat and a lie, "to bridge over" the October elections. When the people had been again humbugged the real purpose of the Radicals would be exposed. That purpose was to confiscate the lands at the South, and divide them among the negroes. The reading of Wendell Phillipps' speech and Mr. Clymer's comments on its infamous character, had a most decided effect upon his hearers.

If Andrew Johnson had been a corrupt and wicked man, all he had to do was to fall in with the radicals, and they would have rejoiced to make him their candidate for a second term. He showed that the policy of Congress was framed merely to save the life of the Republican party by deceiving the people into again trusting that party with power, when other schemes of the Radicals, now kept quiet to "bridge over the October" elections, would be thrust upon the country.

Mr. Clymer said by the will of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, he had been put forward as the exponent of their principles in this canvass.—[Cheers.] He had nothing to conceal, but would frankly state his principles. He had been nominated because he was supposed to have illustrated by his life, his devotion to the principles of the Democratic party. He did not ask the support of any man on personal grounds, but claimed only the votes of those who agreed with him in principle. Men die, but principles are eternal. He then examined the platform of the Republican State Convention, and showed that it contained the doctrine of negro suffrage, sugar-coated, so that incipient radicals could swallow it. He also referred to the statement made by Mr. T. M. Marshall, of Pittsburg, that General Geary had expressed to him his hearty concurrence in the policy and principles of Thaddeus Stevens, the disunionist. But decidedly the richest part of Mr. Clymer's speech was his withering ridicule of the attempt being made by the old Know Nothing leaders to wheedle and blarney the Irish into the support of the Radical ticket, by a professed desire that the neutrality laws should be repealed.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.—While Senator Doolittle was making a speech, at Buffalo, a few evenings ago, a radical exclaimed, "Why not let the negroes vote.

"The reason they should not vote, I tell them, is simply this; in the Southern States there is a mass of colored population, among which nine-tenths of the men have no sense of family and family ties—(tremendous applause)—and the women have no sense of virtue; and the man who would build the foundations of human society upon a population like that knows nothing of republican government. (Great applause.) I say that to base suffrage on the negro population of the South in their present condition would make a burlesque of republican institutions—(laughter and applause)—and we ourselves would be the laughing stock of the world. (Loud cheers.) I can understand how, in the Northern States, where there are a few colored men brought up as freedmen among freemen, with the habits and thoughts of freemen, with families like freemen—I can understand how in some of the States such a population may be admitted to suffrage. But in the States of the South situated as they are now, with this population in its present condition, there is no man in his senses, in my judgment, who would get up to defend negro suffrage. There is still another and more potent reason than the one I have stated, I told it last fall—General Grant told me and authorized me to state it—that the attempt to force negro suffrage upon those States now would inevitably lead to a war of races." ("That's so.")

GEARY AND NEGRO SUFFRAGE.—General Geary in his late speech at York, said:

"I have already said that I am in favor of universal justice and freedom; and I claim to be a sincere and earnest friend of ALL men, in whatever clime or country, without regard to caste or condition, who are struggling for a higher and nobler state of moral, political and religious freedom—and enlargement of their natural and inalienable rights."

The right to vote is the only "higher state of political freedom" which the negro is struggling for. Geary is therefore in favor of *negro suffrage*, but he might have said it in fewer words.

—The Hungarian Constitution of 1840 is to be restored.

THE RADICAL CIVIL RIGHTS BILL. The Civil Rights bill makes the negro the equal of the white man before the law. No State can ever make a distinction between them.

It destroys State laws, and fines a judge who decides according thereto.

If a negro murders a white man or ravages a white woman, he cannot now be tried before a State Court, without his consent; he is only liable before the United States Courts.

The negro is made a citizen whether he is fit or unfit, the intelligent foreigner must wait five years.

Perfect equality between the races is created by it. The negro may marry the white woman. No State can prevent it.

They can force themselves by it into our company in the hotels, in the cars, in the lecture room, and in the public assemblies.

The power exercised in it can allow the negro to vote, to sit as jurors, and to hold office contrary to the will of the people of the State.

Congress has already given them the right to vote in all the territories.

It creates a swarm of officers to eat out our substance. The white man pays them to take care of the negro.

It creates a public prosecutor who is paid by the Government as a spy upon the white man for the benefit of the negro.—*Exchange.*

THE WAY TO RAISE TAXES.—The Solons of the Nation being hard at work to revise and modify the revenue laws of the country, and apparently having taxed their precocious minds to the utmost to know what to tax. I assume the responsibility of suggesting to Congress the following list as additional items for taxation, believing that if adopted it will prove an invaluable source of revenue to the General Government:—

A tax on all plans and schemes of reconstruction that are introduced into Congress, which, if propogated in the future as rapidly as in the past six months, would yield at least five hundred millions during the remainder of the present Congress.

A tax on all Radical dead ducks. A very large revenue would be derived from this source within the next six months, but if delayed longer it would be of no avail, as it may be safely asserted that after that period there will be no more of these *pestilent* fowls left alive.

A tax on all lying and slandering Radicals, which, on an average of only one in a thousand being a man of truth, would yield a sum not less than sufficient to pay the national debt in two years.

A tax on cheap patriotism, computing the number of intensely "loyal" persons who didn't fight when they had a chance, and who have now such an itching desire to "clean out" all the rebels in the land, when they are aware they can get no chance, at an average of nine out of ten would yield fifty millions annually. This class would include all clerks and officeholders during the war, who were never in the army, and who will not now give their offices over to the soldiers:—A burdensome tax should be levied on such disinterested patriotism.

THE HON. MR. KELLEY, candidate for re-election to Congress from Philadelphia, on Friday night, thus addressed "the League:"

"I say to you in all candor, and with the knowledge of what I am saying, and the use that may be made of it, that if the wicked spirit of the South, the rebellious spirit, combined with the treachery and copperheadism of the North, shall bring upon this country another war, and force you, gentlemen, to leave your homes and families to invade the South and put down a second rebellion, I want you to have something to say about the division of your forces the next time. I would divide your great army into three grand divisions.

"Let the first go armed and equipped as the laws of the army require, with small arms and artillery. Let that be the largest division and let them do the killing. Let the second division be armed with pine torches and spirits of turpentine, and let them do the burning. Let the third and last division be supplied with surveyor's compasses and chains and we will survey out the land and settle it. We will first sell it out, pay the expenses of the war with the proceeds, and then settle it with men who will honor their glorious banner. [Great applause.] Those are my sentiments."

This is the spirit of Butler, Banks, Thad. Stevens,—and if these men recover power, look ahead for CONSCRIPTIONS, and NATIONAL DEBTS, that will saddle the people with $2 in taxes, where they pay $1 now.

THE all-wool convention used the same gavel with which the South Carolina Secession Convention of 1866 was called to order. It seems to be an heir-loom in the Disunion family.

—The Lebanon *Advertiser* says that "Gen. Geary put a guard over a spring to keep the water nice for himself and staff, and made the privates get their water and drink from a dirty stream," and adds that "he never treated a private with even ordinary respect."

—An order has been issued abolishing the Provost Marshal General's Bureau.

—In Cincinnatti, during the first ten days of August, 899 persons died of cholera.

—The rads have suddenly dropped General Grant as a candidate for the Presidency.

—Austria has unconditionally ceded Venetia to Italy.

—Mrs. Jefferson Davis has returned to Fortress Monroe.

The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning,.....September 21, 1866.

Democratic and National Union Nominations.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

DISTRICT TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,

J. McD. SHARPE, of Franklin co'y.

FOR SENATOR,

B. F. MEYERS, of Bedford county.

FOR ASSEMBLY,

HIRAM FINDLAY, of Somerset co.

COUNTY TICKET.

PROTHONOTARY,

O. E. SHANNON, of Bedford Bor.

SHERIFF,

ROBT. STECKMAN, of Bloody Run.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

GEORGE W. GUMP, of Napier.

COMMISSIONER,

DAVID HOWSARE, of Southampton

POOR DIRECTOR,

MICHAEL DIEHL, of Colerain.

AUDITOR,

JOHN D. LUCAS, of Bloody Run.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, Oct. 9.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce Col. John H. Filler of Bedford county, as an independent candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the people on the second Tuesday of October next.

The Climber.

A CAMPAIGN PAPER.

The undersigned are publishing a campaign paper entitled "The Climber," the first number of which was issued on the 7th of July inst., and which will be continued until the Gubernatorial election in October.

This publication is devoted to the support of President Johnson's Restoration Policy and the election of such candidates as are openly in favor of sustaining that policy. It contains sixteen columns of matter and is filled with racy editorials and the spiciest articles of the campaign. No conservative politician should be without it.

It will be embellished with PORTRAITS OF PRESIDENT JOHNSON, Hon. HIESTER CLYMER and other eminent patriots and statesmen, and will contain a number of humerous political illustrations.

REDUCED TERMS:

Ten copies to one address, cash in advance, $3.00
Twenty " " " " 5.00
Less than ten copies to one address, 40 cts per copy.

Get up your clubs and send in your orders at once. No attention paid to any order unless accompanied by the cash. Persons getting up clubs should be particular to specify in their orders the name of the person to whom they wish the package addressed, as all the papers in the club will be sent to one person for distribution. Address,

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Bedford, Pa.

ORGANIZE!

Democrats! But a little over two weeks remain in which to do the work which will insure us victory. There is much yet to be done. Appoint your election committees. Get ready to man the polls! Make your arrangements to get out every vote. Let every man have his particular duty assigned him and in order to have this done, let the working Democrats of each election district meet together and appoint the "right man for the right place." Don't delay this a single day! Have the polls properly manned on Election-day! See that there is no cheating! Attend to the doubtful and wavering? Appoint a challenger for every poll! Clear the decks and strip for action!

THIEVES AND MAIL ROBBERS.

There are a few Radical Postmasters in this county who will most probably be prosecuted for *robbing the mails*.—Several hundred National Union Documents that were carefully directed to parties who knew they were coming, could not be had at the proper office, when enquired for. The time is not far off when a few of these double-dyed scoundrels who can violate their oath of office and rob the mails of campaign documents to gratify their partizan malignity, will be called to account for their crimes and be punished as they deserve.

A DESPERATE GAME!

Trading of Tickets!!

The Radicals have settled down on one or two of their candidates, for whom they will make an effort to trade off the balance. Democrats, of course, will be on their guard. Make no trades. When a Radical approaches you with a proposition that he will vote for one of our men if you vote for one of theirs, tell him you "can't see it!" for, the Democracy of Bedford county have the power, and intend to elect their whole ticket by an overwhelming majority.

After all the Radical blowing about Vermont, the Democrats have really gained 50 per cent on their vote last year, and the same is true of Maine. Why don't the Rads. tell their people about California, Idaho, Colorado, Kentucky and Washington? Eh?

BOO! HOO! HOO!

"Col. Filler Playing into the Hands of the Copperheads!"

What A Pity!!!

Those wonderfully particular friends of the soldier, the scribblers for the Bedford *Inquirer*, indulge, in their last issue, in a most pitiful jeremiad in relation to the course of Col. Filler in offering himself as the independent candidate for the Legislature. We are no apologist for Col. Filler's past political conduct, neither do we deem it necessary to defend his present course as a candidate for public office. He is an *independent man*, as well as an independent candidate, and is abundantly able to take care of himself. But the *Inquirer* lugs in our name as a bug-a-boo to frighten away timid people from the support of Col. Filler. Oh! "B. F. Meyers!" this "B. F. Meyers!" what a terrible thing it is that "B. F. Meyers" should be in favor of any body's election! "B. F. Meyers" who "opposed the war and the soldiers!" "B. F. Meyers," who played the devil with every thing in general and the editors of the *Inquirer* in particular! Of course, the soldiers will be frightened at the very idea and will give Col. Filler the widest berth possible! But, Durborrow & Lutz, what's the use to lie? You know that this terrible fellow, "B. F. Meyers," never, *never* "opposed the soldiers." You know that he contributed hundreds of dollars to the bounty fund of Bedford borough, you know that he went out with Capt. Lyons, Capt. Metzgar, Capt. Baughman and others, and helped them to recruit, you know that this same "B. F. Meyers," when in the Legislature, got up a Committee, of which he was chairman, to improve the condition of Camp Curtin, so that it might be fit for the reception of the returning veterans, you know that he offered a resolution in the House of Representatives to instruct the members of Congress from Pennsylvania to vote for an increase of the pay of private soldiers, you know that he voted for the Amendment to give the soldiers the right to vote in the army, and knowing these things, why do you wilfully state the contrary and pervert a record which is better than yours ever was, toward the soldier? Why? Not because you hope to injure "B. F. Meyers." Your lies about him are an old song and nobody pays any attention to them. But, because by associating him with Col. Filler, you hope to strike at a gallant soldier, whose popularity you dread, and who, you fear, will not, if elected, do *your* bidding, or that of *the clique* in Bedford borough, to which you belong. That is all! But howl away, and blow away, and lie ahead! You can't hurt a hair of Col. Filler's head, and as for "B. F. Meyers," you can lather away at *him* just as much as you please, for ten years service upon the battle-fields of politics has made him bullet-proof, at least as against the paper pellets of such Lilliputians as those who do the scribbling and lying for the Bedford *Inquirer*.

"EQUAL RIGHTS LEAGUE, NO. 38."

The Boys in Black!

Another Grand Radical Mass Meeting!

Eloquent Speeches by Messrs. Keagy, Cessna and others!

A White Man Brutally Beaten!

On Thursday last the eyes of the good people of Bedford were opened to the fact which we have often announced, that the colored people in this neighborhood have a *secret league*, the object of which is to obtain equal political and social rights with the white man. On that day the negroes of this neighborhood belonging to the league, held a meeting in the woods above town, whither they marched in procession, wearing paper badges bearing the inscription, "Equal Rights League, No. 38." Their meeting was addressed by J. T. Keagy, J. B. Cessna and others of the Radical spouters in this neighborhood. Toward evening the colored gentlemen became quite demonstrative, Captain Whisky having assumed command of their forces, and as our old friend, Nehemiah Fleegle, a respectable white man, was driving up the turn-pike, they came out, attacked and beat him terribly. Such is the tendency of Radicalism. Such are the fruits of Thad. Stevens' speech in Bedford. Keagy, Cessna and company haranguing negroes! Their hearers attacking and brutally beating a white man, who, by the way, is a "good Republican!" What do you think of it, people of Bedford county?

WIDE AWAKE!

SATURDAY, SEPT. 29, is the last day on which you can be assessed. See that all returned soldiers and all persons who voted *on age* last year, be assessed. Don't neglect this.

The President has been making a grand tour of the Northern States. Everywhere he was met with the most enthusiastic popular demonstrations. The Radicals strive in vain to check the tide of popular opinion in his favor.

HOW THE TICKETS ARE TO BE VOTED.

Read this Carefully.

The Legislature, last winter, passed a law which changes the manner of voting. All State officers voted for will be voted on one slip, labeled "State;" all county officers and members of Congress, Senators, and members of the Legislature voted for, will be voted on another slip, labeled "County;" and all Judges of Courts voted for, will be voted on still another slip, labeled "Judiciary;" which divides the ticket, at the present election into *three slips. All tickets should be ready cut, folded and tied, before election-day.* Let Democrats attend to this everywhere, and see that *all the ticket* is included in their ballot. The ticket will be printed as follows:

STATE.

Governor,
Hiester Clymer.

COUNTY.

Congress,
J. McDowell Sharpe.
Senator,
B. F. Meyers.
Assembly,
Hiram Findlay,
John H. Filler.
Prothonotary, Register and Recorder, Clerk of the Courts, &c.,
O. E. Shannon.
Sheriff,
Robert Steckman.
Commissioner,
David Howsare.
Poor Director,
Michael Diehl.
Auditor,
John D. Lucas.

JUDICIARY.

Associate Judge,
G. W. Gump.

The ticket must be cut apart at each of the wide spaces, with the words "State," "County," and "Judiciary" *folded out.*

SOLDIERS' EXTRA BOUNTIES.

Another Radical Canard.

"Lord! Lord! How this World's Given to Lying!"

The Radicals of the last Congress passed a bill giving an extra bounty to the soldiers. To be sure, it is an *extra* bounty, nay it is an *extraordinary* bounty! Fifty dollars to some, a hundred dollars to others! whilst the same Congress passed a bill giving the negro soldiers *three hundred* dollars bounty! Now this is no electioneering trick. It is the God's truth, and if any body has any money to bet on it, we are his man. But the law giving the small bounty to white soldiers was so indefinite that it was doubted whether any money could be paid out under it. The Radicals finding a good deal of grumbling among the soldiers about this law, have discovered it neccessary to defend themselves somehow, and, therefore undertake to lay the blame upon the President. Why, every body knows that the President has signed the bill, that it is now a law, and that all that is to be done is for the proper Department to decide whether under its provisions it is authorized to pay out these bounties, and when it will pay them. After the bill was signed by the President, he had no further control over it, as it passed out of his hands and took its place among the statutes of the United States. How shameful and how atrocious, then, is the effort to hold the President responsible for what not he, but Congress alone, should be blamed. But such is the mode of electioneering adopted by the Radicals.

THAT EAGLE.

The Bedford *Inquirer*, of last week, has a most astounding tale about a bird which flew over the St. Clair and Union delegation to the Radical meeting, and then perched on a tree and eyed the motley procession. The *Inquirer* is informed that is was an *Eagle!* and thereupon permits its superstitious feelings to carry it into ecstacies over the wonderful bird! Well, "there is but one step from the sublime to the ridiculous." We are informed by a farmer who lives near where this remarkable bird made its singular flight, that *the carcass of a dead horse* lies not far from that place, that a number of *buzzards* had been feeding upon it and that one of these, smelling the corruption of Radicalism, was induced to leave, for a moment, his savory feast, with a view of foraging upon the Radical delegation. Our informant states that he saw the bird flying over the delegation, and that it was really one of the buzzards that had been feeding on the dead horse. Bully for the eagle!

Practising—J. B. Cessna, J. T. Keagy, and other radical stump orators, before the "Negro Equal Rights League." After they get their speeches to the darkies right "pat," they will deliver them before their white "brudders."

KENTUCKY, NEBRASKA, CALIFORNIA, IDAHO AND COLORADO AGAINST VERMONT AND MAINE.

The black States are getting blacker. Vermont and Maine, where one half the people don't know what a negro is, and the other half believe in "spooks," have given large Radical majorities. They have been doing this from time immemorial. But the white States are getting whiter. Kentucky, California and the Western territories, voted largely in favor of the Democrats and Conservatives. Kentucky, gave nearly 50,000 against the Radicals. Idaho elected an almost unanimous Democratic Legislature. California made a clean sweep, except in San Francisco. The Middle States are naturally conservative, and they will follow Kentucky and California in giving unprecedented majorities against Radicalism.

DREADFUL MISREPRESENTATION.

Horrible Copperhead Outrage!

The Negro Suffrage organ complains that we garbled Mr. Stevens' speech. In order that our readers may judge for themselves we give below the *Inquirer's* article comparing our version and its own. If we did Mr. Stevens injustice in any thing, it was in this, that we did not make his speech quite as black as the *Inquirer* reports it. See for yourselves:

In the last *Gazette* it undertakes to report a sentence from Mr. Stevens' speech which it does in this wise:

"NEGRO IS THE ISSUE. GERMANS, IRISHMEN AND AFRICANS WERE ALL EQUAL. SO LONG AS I LIVE I WILL MAINTAIN THIS DOCTRINE"

The capitals are the *Gazette's*. Here is what Mr. Stevens did say:

"As I said before the great issue to be met at this election is the question of negro rights. I shall not deny but admit that a fundamental principle of the republican creed is that every being possessing an immortal soul is equal before the law. They are not and cannot be equal in strength, height, beauty, intellectual and moral culture, or social acquirements, these are accidents which must govern their condition according to circumstances. BUT IN THIS REPUBLIC, THE SAME LAWS MUST AND SHALL APPLY TO EVERY MORTAL AMERICAN, IRISHMEN, AFRICAN, GERMAN OR TURK. It is written by the finger of the ALMIGHTY LAW GIVER; 'YE SHALL HAVE "ONE MANNER OF LAWS, AS WELL FOR THE STRANGER AS FOR ONE OF YOUR OWN COUNTRY; FOR I AM THE LORD YOUR GOD.'"

No man could honestly misrepresent another in this manner. But the man who can deny protection to five millions of human beings because they are a shade darker than he is, can simply be guilty of any thing.

A CARD.

We copy the following from the Bedford *Inquirer*, of last week. The "Radicals" can't bear to see the soldiers get along; hence this spiteful attack upon one of the "Boys in Blue" who happened to be employed at the Court House. The card speaks for itself:

A Card.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The following appeared in the last week's *Inquirer*:

"WANTED—A few more returned soldiers to work at the Court House; none but those who will support Clymer and the "dead dog" need apply. Any soldier being suspected of *voting as he shot*, will be immediately mustered out of "*My Policy*" service! Inquire at the Clymer Headquarters."

As I am the only "returned soldier" at work at the Court House, the above is undoubtedly intended for me. The writer intends to convey the impression that I am in the political market, ready to take the highest bid; and as such I unhesitatingly pronounce it a wilful and deliberate untruth, and the author thereof—whom I very well know—a malicious falsifier. I was employed to work at the Court House for no other consideration than money for my services, and no one about the Court House, or any one connected with the "Clymer Headquarters" has ever approached me as to how I would vote this fall. I have never—like the author of the above—professed to belong to a party for which he had no sympathy, in order to procure work. Of myself I do not wish to speak, but if any persons are desirous to learn more of the man who furnished you with the above item, I would refer them to A. B. Carn, or others with whom he has had dealings during his stay in town. If he has nothing else to do than to invent such miserable falsehoods as the above, I would advise him to migrate to some other community, where his services may be better appreciated.

M. P. SPIDLE.

Bedford, Sept. 14, 1866.

NEGRO RIOT.

New Orleans on a Small Scale.

On Thursday afternoon last the colored population of this neighborhood—the "Equal Rights League of Bedford, No. 38"—had a celebration, which they wound up in a riot, they attacking and beating almost to death, Mr. Nehemiah Fleegle, of Napier tp., who was driving his team quietly along the public road. Jonathan B. Cessna, Chairman of the Radical county committee, had delivered a harrangue before these colored rioters, and the legitimate result of his teaching, was the beating of a white man. Do Republicans approve of the conduct of their chairman, and will they follow such leaders?

Let the federal office-holders in this county beware! Some of them are playing fast and loose and others are assisting the radicals with all their might. Not a man of them who doesn't support the President will remain in office after the election. Democrats and Conservatives, keep an eye on these gentlemen!

—The cholera has got its match—it has seized the Freedmen's Bureau.

LETTER FROM A GALLANT SOLDIER!

Col. Hicks, of the 76th, Gives his Opinion.

We give with pleasure the letter of Col. Hicks, late of the 76th P. V. We are informed that Col. Hicks has hitherto been a "Republican."

DUNCANSVILLE, PA.,
Sept. 11, 1866.

ED'S GAZETTE:—*Gentlemen:*—I find in a perusal of your paper, that my old friend and comrade, Col. John H. Filler, has announced himself as an independent candidate to represent your district in our State Legislature. It would be forgetting those ties that bind us together as comrades in arms for the suppression of the Rebellion, and the associations formed while together, did I not wholly endorse his course and sincerely hope for his election.

He is the man for the place, by natural intelligence and education; he is entitled to it, for the services he rendered his fellow citizens during the war, for a more gallant fellow than Filler never set a batallion, or wore shoulder-straps. I speak from personal knowledge of the man. I never knew him until I made his acquaintance on the "tented field," and I am convinced of his fitness for, and right to the position sought. It could not be expected that he, or any other soldier, would get a nomination in *any* convention which *Radicals* controlled, if they had an old civilian political hack to serve. It is the same in this county as in Bedford. Soldiers have been overslaughed always, only when common decency and a slight observance of their professed principles (?) demanded it. In fact, the soldier is "played out" among that class, and no soldier need expect *any* preferment at their hands.

I hope to hear, when the returns of the 9th of October are counted, that my old friend, Filler, is elected. Justice and a recognition of his services demand it, and if defeated, the blame will lie at the hands of the Radicals, who love office better than they do their country. Soldiers! stand for a brother soldier; desert not the man who never deserted you! Vote and work for the principles for which you fought.

I am, very respectfully,
JNO. W. HICKS,
Late Lt. Col. 76th P. V. and Bvt Col. U. S. V.

BEELZEBUB'S KINGDOM TUMBLING DOWN!

Another Geary Paper Strikes its Flag.

We notice that the Juniata *Republican* published at Mifflintown, Pa., by W. M. Allison & Co., has taken down Geary's name from its masthead. Surely Satin's kingdom is tumbling down! Every day weakens the Geary forces and adds to the number who will vote for the patriot and statesman, Hiester Clymer.

Still Another.

The Titusville *Club*, edited by Jerome B. Close, and heretofore a Radical sheet, has changed its name to that of *Evening Journal*, and, more important still, has changed its politics from Radicalism to Democracy.

FRED. DOUGLASS.

The Radical ticket for this county, is placed upon the Negro Suffrage platform of the "Loyal Convention" at Philadelphia, of which FRED. DOUGLASS, THE NEGRO, was a member, by the following resolution, passed at the Radical meeting, held in this place, on Tuesday evening of Court week (see Bedford *Inquirer* of Sept. 7, 1866):

"*Resolved*, That this meeting cordially endorses and most heartily welcomes the Convention of Loyal Union men of the South, now sitting in the city of Philadelphia," &c.

THAD. STEVENS.

The Radical county ticket is placed upon Thad. Stevens' platform, by the following resolution of the meeting held here on Tuesday evening of Court week (see Bedford *Inquirer* of Sept. 7):

"*Resolved*, That the thanks of the friends of liberty and equal rights throughout the world and especially of the people of the United States are eminently due to the noble and patriotic and intrepid legislator, Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, for the uncompromising stand which he has taken in favor of the oppressed and against usurpation and despotism."

Gen. Grant rebuked the Radicals at Cincinnati, the other day, declaring that he was greatly annoyed at their efforts to insult the President.

—Already it is computed that during and since the war, one-fourth part of those who were in bondage are in their graves. And the process of distruction will go on as long as the agitation is kept up, and until the race for which the Radicals affect so much regard has become partially extinct. This is their humanity.

—Would not every workingmon, laborer, and artisan like to vote himself seventeen months back pay; and increased sixty per cent. at that? That is what this Radical Congress has done. And, what is more every workingmen, laborer and artisan will have to pay his share of the tax required to make up this extra compensation.

—The leading spirits of the 14th of August Convention were Senators Cowan, Doolittle and Reverdy Johnson, and Generals Steedman, Custar and Davis. The orators of the late Radical Convention were Fred. Douglass, Benjamin F. Butler, Parson Brownlow and Annie Dickerson.

—The largest woods meeting ever held in York county was held by the Democracy at Lewisbury on the 8th inst. The procession was over two miles long.

CUMBERLAND, MD.,
Sept. 11, 1866.

MR. EDITOR:—On yesterday, for the first time, Mr. H. Clay Shipley was at my house and read to me a communication from this city to the "Bedford Inquirer," signed "Justice," which Mr. S. seemed very much to enjoy.

The article to which I am about to advert, would have escaped my notice (as no one having any pretensions to respectability in this community would suffer so vile and filthy a sheet as the "Bedford Inquirer" to be received in their family) had not this communication been sent to Mr. Hext, one of my boarders, expecting thereby that it would reach my eye. The writer of the letter affixes the signature of "Justice," most inappropriate for an article so devoid of truth and embodying so much malignity and venom; indeed the malice of the writer is only equaled by his arrant cowardice.

Some short time since, I addressed to your paper a communication detailing the proceedings of the Disunion Abolition Convention held here, which every citizen knew was a ridiculous failure, indeed the fidelity of the account and the extreme sensitiveness of the correspondent of the "Inquirer," attest the truth of my narrative. No reader of my former letter to your paper will be deceived by the denial of this correspondent, who fears to commit his name to his own production. I am authorized, then, in inferring that this nameless correspondent, conscious of the many falsehoods contained in his communication, was unwilling to commit even his cowardly name to the tissue of lies, with which it abounds, and therefore contented himself with a reckless and general denial of my account of the Disunion meeting held in this place. This scurrilous and cowardly writer makes a personal attack on me. He felt the sting of the article and feared the effect, or else he would have attempted to show its falsity and not have resorted to scurrility and abuse and then sheltered his cowardly carcass under so inappropriate a name as that of "Justice."

As the "Bedford Inquirer" has no circulation in this city, the letter from Cumberland would have fallen stillborn; but it owes its currency and circulation solely to a disappointed Abolition office-seeker who is sojourning in our midst. But to the letter signed "Justice." This nameless knight of the quill indulges in choice and elegant phrases; he says that I am "an ignoramus and could not write a single sentence correctly if it were to save my neck." As to the truth of this I leave the public to judge. He says further, that I am "blessed with just about as much brains as is necessary to make a good Copperhead Rebel sympathizer." Adopting his peculiar and gentlemanly style of expression, I could retort by saying that he has brains sufficient to make a "niggerhead," but certainly has neither the brains or honesty to make a "copperhead," or a gentleman.

I was induced by curiosity, as I stated in my former letter, to be present at the Disunion meeting and gave what I believed then, and still do believe, to be a faithful version of its proceedings. I did not shelter my responsibility under the signature of "Justice," as the correspondent of the "Bedford Inquirer" has done, but appended my name, prepared for any kind of responsibility which it might evoke. I now assert and would be willing to wager any thing in reason, that if the name of the correspondent of the "Bedford Inquirer" here, could be ascertained, that he would turn out to have been an Abolition office-holder, who was, doubtless, removed by the Government because of his Abolition and Disunion proclivities.

With reference to the gentleman to whom the authorship of my letter to you has been ascribed, and who has been so ruthlessly and malignantly assailed by the "Inquirer's" correspondent, I have only this to say, that I have known him for twenty years, and that he would disdain to assail any man under a fictitious signature. It was for the fearless expression of his opinions and for the bold avowal of his principles, that he was arrested and held for months by the preceding Administration, and I am sure that I echo the sentiments of every man in this community, whose opinions are worth regarding, that the fidelity with which that gentleman clung to opinions which he deemed to be right, would receive their approbation, not their censure. I would add, too, that the gentleman to whom this slanderous correspondent alluded, was not present at the Disunion meeting; indeed, since he has returned to this community, where he once before resided, he has not interfered, or engaged, in the politics of the day, notwithstanding the wishes of his friends that he would do so. *I* was present at the Disunion meeting in this place, and for the letter and its contents addressed to your paper, *I alone am responsible.* As the former imprisonment of this gentleman has been alluded to—Query—would not the President be justified in punishing those *traitors* who are *now* guilty of disloyalty in opposing the Government and striving to thwart him in his efforts to restore the Union?

The President, however, relies upon the people of the United States to sustain him in his wise, merciful and beneficial policy. I feel confident that he may rely on the people of the old Keystone State in October next, giving him their powerful support, for the united action of all conservative men is now essential for the preservation and perpetuation of the "Union" which we all love and cherish.

I have devoted more space than I intended to the contemptible and malignant correspondent of the "Inquirer," and consequently will be unable to give you an account of our "Barbecue" last Thursday. I must content myself with saying, that in numbers and enthusiasm, it far exceeded any thing of the kind that has ever before been held in this city. The reporter of the *National Intelligencer* was present and a full account will appear in that journal.

Truly Yours,
JACOB SNIDER.

ANOTHER SOLDIER IN FAVOR OF "MY POLICY."

One by one the brave soldiers of the Union army are putting on record their views in relation to the means necessary to save the country from the designs of the Radical disunionists. The plain and pointed rebuke administered by General Grant to the Radicals in Cincinnati who wished to insult the President, and the action of the gallant men who, in all parts of the country, are denouncing the mad attempts of the disunionists, show unmistakably the feelings of the soldiers at this crisis. We now add the name of General Stoneman to the supporters of such a wise, humane, and Christian policy as that adopted by President Johnson. The following speech was recently delivered by that gallant officer in Memphis:

FRIENDS AND FELLOW-COUNTRYMEN: You have before you, not a partisan or politician, but a simple citizen of the government of the United States, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. The war in which the people of this greatest of all great countries has been engaged during the past eventful years is ended, the issues upon which this war was based have been settled. If there is anything to forgive, let it be forgiven; if there is anything to be forgot, let it be forgotten. Let us all recollect that we have but one country and one flag.

The object for which you are all assembled together here to-night is, as I understand it, reconstruction and reunion; but let us all remember that reconstruction must be based upon reconciliation. You may force a separated man and wife to live in the same house, lodge in the same room, but they will never be reunited as man and wife until they have first become reconciled.

I say the war is ended. As we were enemies in war, let us again be friends, and in this sentiment I know that no one will join me more heartily than the gallant and distinguished President of this assembly.

The bravery that was displayed during the past by each one engaged in the war, let it be the pride and common property of all. We soldiers who did the fighting are reconciled and want peace and harmony, and we call upon you editors and orators of the land to aid us with your pens and tongues. Preachers of the gospel, whose solemn obligation it is to preach peace and good will, we ask your prayers and invocations, and from you politicians we demand that you shall cease your wrangling and allow the good work to go on, until your object is attained.

And you, fair maidens and noble matrons, who, during the fighting, cheered us with your smiles, and frightened us with your frowns, lend us the potency of your power in the accomplishment of a work so laudable and so noble.

As I am not an applicant for your suffrages, nor ever expect to be, nor ever cast a vote for President in my life, you will not expect me to define my position; but this much will I say: I have been a member of a club for near a quarter of a century, and which was organized three quarters of a century ago. By the constitution of that club, its President is elected every four years. Its first President was George Washington; its present President is Andrew Johnson, whom the people call "our Andy."

Resolutions Presented to the President.—The Soldiers' Convention, held on the 12th inst., at Columbus, in the Seventh Congressional District of Ohio, passed a series of resolutions, as follows:

That we hold the Union of these States to be as perfect and complete now as before the rebellion, and that, in the words of Andrew Johnson, "Loyal men from the Southern States should be at once admitted to seats in the Congress of the United States; that the negro did not save the Union, but it was saved by white soldiers and sailors for white men; that the constitutional amendment, having for its object the degradation of the whites to the level of the blacks, meets our hearty condemnation; that the action of Congress in relation to the equalization of bounties, has been from the beginning of last session mean and tricky, and each soldier and sailor should by his vote show the Ohio delegation that we know how to condemn; and that we approve of the principles of the Philadelphia Platform of August 14, and the restoration policy of Andrew Johnson, and believe that in no other way than that proposed by him, can we gather for ourselves and for our children the fruits of our privations, our suffering and wounds, and of our successes. These resolutions were to-night presented to the President, who, after reading, said he approved them.

The deaths resulting from the falling of the platform at the railroad station at Johnstown, on the 14th, number thirteen—seven of the victims being women and girls. The badly wounded number about ninety, and the slightly injured about one hundred more. Physicians from Pittsburg and all the towns along the road, east and west, are in attendance upon the sufferers. The whole town is in mourning over this terrible calamity. One of the Presidential party detailed to remain says: "The scene was one of indescribable horror. The groans of the wounded and the screams and tears of mothers, wives, sisters and daughters was the saddest sight I ever saw." The same person adds: "The President and Gen. Grant were exceedingly distressed, and were very anxious that the special train should stop over an hour to afford as much aid as possible, but the conductor stated that arrangements made for meeting trains on the road precluded the possibility of carrying into effect the President's humane wish, and after a few minutes the train started off." The President has contributed $500 to the relief of the sufferers.

—The teachers of the negro schools in Richmond, who are loyalists of the Radical stamp, are abusing and maligning the President in the most slanderous terms, and one of the copies which most frequently graces the slates and writing books of their negro pupils is, "Andrew Johnson is a traitor."

—The Bellefonte *Watchman* records the conviction of two members of the Election Board of Snoeshoe township, Centre county, for illegally refusing to receive the vote of an alleged deserter at the election in 1865. The presiding judge of the county is a "Republican."

The Bedford Gazette.

Local and Personal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following Business Directory for the borough of Bedford and other places in the county, whose advertisements appear in the columns of THE GAZETTE, may be of service to our friends and patrons in the county, and is commended to their attention:

ATTORNEYS AT LAW—G. H. Spang; J. P. Reed; J. W. Tate; John Palmer; E. F. Kerr; Osborne & Lutz; Espy M. Alsip; John T. Hogg & J. H. Filler; Kimmell & Lingenfelter, Myers & Dickerson, Bedford, Pa.

BANKERS—Reed & Schell; Rupp, Shannon & Co., Bedford, Pa.

BOOTS AND SHOES, VARIETIES, &c.—J. H. Mann; H. F. Irvine, Bedford, Pa.

BEDFORD NURSERIES—T. M. Lynch.

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &c.—Richard Leo, Bedford, Pa.

CLOTHING—I. Lippel, Berkstresser & Smith, Jacob Reimund, Bedford, Pa.

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.—A. B. Cramer; J. M. Shoemaker; P. A. Reed, Defibaugh & Fisher, Bedford, Pa.

Hershman & Greenbaum, St. Clairsville, &c.

DENTISTRY—C. N. Hickok & J. G. Minnich, Bedford, Pa.

DRUGGIST—J. L. Lewis, Bedford, Pa.

FANCY STORES—Mrs. V. B. Tate & Miss M. A. Mrs. E. V. Mowry; Mrs. M. R. Schafer & Miss Kate Deal, Bedford, Pa.

GROCERIES—H. C. Reamer, George Mardorff, Bedford, Pa.

HARDWARE, &c.—Wm. Hartley; Geo. Blymyer & Son, Bedford, Pa.

HOTELS——Bedford Hotel, J. J. Shoemaker; Mengel House, I. Mengel; Union Hotel, V. Steckman, Bedford, Pa.

JEWELER—Daniel Border, Bedford, Pa.

JOB PRINTERS—Meyers & Mengel, Bedford, Pa.—All kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing neatly and promptly executed.

PUMPS—Wm. C. Snively, Schellsburg, Pa.

PHYSICIANS—Dr. J. L. Marbourg, Bedford, Pa.; Drs. W. W. Jamison and P. H. Pennsyl, Bloody Run, Pa.

PATENT MEDICINES—Shriner's Cough Syrup and Indian Vermifuge; Foutz's Mixture and Horse and Cattle Powder; Wheaton's Ointment; Helmbold's Extract of Buchu; Dr. Tobins' Venitian Liniment; Allcock's Porous Plasters; Christadoro's Hair Dye; Mishler's Herb Bitters.

REAL ESTATE SALES—
F. C. Reamer—private sale
T. H. & N. J. Lyons, Private Sale.
Jacob Walter, Private.
C. N. Hickok, private sale.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.—B. McC. Blymyer & Co., Bedford, Pa.

☞ Read the "New Advertisements" in this week's issue of THE GAZETTE.

☞ For Administrator's, Executor's, Auditor's Notices, &c., see "Legal Notices."

☞ Read the advertisements under the head of "Notices, &c."

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!

Union, Prosperity, Peace!

LET US TAKE COUNCIL TOGETHER!

Meetings will be held as follows:

Friday evening, Sept. 21, Cavender's Store, Southampton; Miller's-town, Napier; Coaldale, Broad Top.

Saturday evening, Sept. 22, McElfish's, Southampton; New Paris, Napier; Stonerstown, Liberty.

Tuesday evening, Sept. 24, Potter's School House, M. Woodberry.

Saturday evening, Sept. 29, Ritchey's Hotel, near Pattonsville, S. Woodberry.

J. W. DICKERSON,
Chairman Dem. Co. Committee.

GRAND RALLIES!

Day and Evening Mass Meetings!

Monday, Sept. 24, 2o'clock, P. M., at Mrs. Mary Morgart's, (W. Providence,) for E. Providence, W. Providence, Monroe, Bloody Run Borough, and parts of Southampton and Hopewell.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1 o'clock P. M., Hopewell, for Hopewell, Broad Top, and Liberty townships.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, 2 o'clock, P. M., Woodberry, for the two Woodberrys and adjoining parts of Blair county.

Thursday, Sept. 27, 2 o'clock P. M., Pleasantville, for Union, St. Clair, and parts of Bedford and Napier.

Friday, Sept. 28, Schellsburg, for Napier, Juniata, Harrison, and parts of Bedford and St. Clair.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Centreville, for Londonderry, Cumberland Valley, and parts of Southampton and Colerain.

Monday, Oct. 1, 7 o'clock, P. M., Rainsburg.

Saturday, Oct. 6, 7 o'clock P. M., Cessna's Hotel, foot of Dry Ridge.

Monday, Oct. 8, 7 o'clock, P. M., at St. Clairsville.

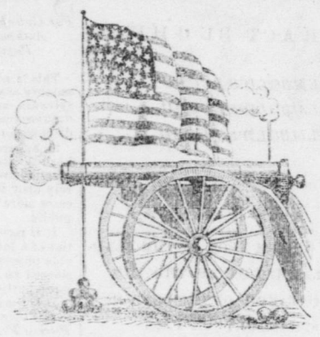
Eminent speakers from abroad are invited and have promised to address these meetings.

The splendid and now thoroughly trained Bedford Democratic Brass Band will be present and enliven these occasions with music.

J. W. DICKERSON,
Chairman Dem. Co. Committee.

THE LADY'S FRIEND, FOR OCTOBER.—The October number of this charming periodical, opens with a beautiful and suggestive engraving, illustrative of the interesting story of "Hugh Maxwell's Heir." The double colored steel Fashion Plate is as elegant and r fined as usual. The other illustrations refer to the Fashions, and lady's work, such as the Work Basket with Pockets, Dress with High Waist and Removable Basque, Canezou of Tulle and Lace, Riding Habits, Siamois Bonnet, Trianon Bonnet, &c. &c. The Music is the Queen of Summer. Among the literary contents we notice "Second Love," by Mrs. Hosmer; "The Magic of the Sunbeam;" "The Story of a Proud Heart," by Gabrielle Lee; "The Bachelor Answered," by Mattie Dyer Britts; "The Disputed Patrimony," by Auber Forestier; "Winter Time," by Florence Percy, author of "Rock Me To Sleep;" Editorials, Receipts, Fashionable Intelligence, &c. Price $2.00 a year; 2 copies $4.00; 8 copies and one *gratis* $16. Specimen numbers will be sent for 15 cents.

Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.



FIRE IN THE MOUNTAINS!

Great Rallies of the People.

The Popular Earthquakes Rumbling.

The people of St. Clair and Napier townships held a large meeting at Fishertown, on Friday evening last. On motion of T. B. Smith, Esq., the meeting was organized by the appointment of John S. Miller, Esq., President; Michael Miller, Philip Sleek, David Reighard and George Speece, Vice Presidents; and Jacob Adstadt and H. F. Smith, Esqs., Secretaries.

Speeches were made by J. G. Fisher and B. F. Meyers. The audience was very attentive and the best feeling prevailed. We were much pleased with the intelligence and good behavoir of the people of Fishertown and vicinity, and shall never forget the kindly welcome they gave us. The meeting adjourned with three cheers for Clymer and the Union.

A very large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democrats and Conservatives of Napier township was held at the Point School House, near Pearson Studebaker's, on Saturday evening last. On motion of John W. Bowen, Esq., the meeting was organized by the appointment of Wm. Rock, Esq., President; Peter Winegardner, Fred. Miller, T. B. Studebaker, Jacob H. King, William Shafer and Michael Dull, as Vice Presidents; and Richard McMullin and John Defibaugh, Secretaries. The meeting was addressed by J. G. Fisher and B. F. Meyers. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. Old Napier is wide awake and will exceed herself in the majority she will give this fall for the Democratic Union ticket. The Democrats of Napier township are a noble band and never surrender.

A grand rally of the Democrats of the upper end of Cumberland Valley was held at Teaberry school house, on Friday evening last. [The list of officers of this meeting has not been handed us.] Speeches were made by J. L. Lewis and J. W. Dickerson, Esqs. Mr. Lewis made a most eloquent appeal to the audience to vote down Radical Disunionism which was well received. Mr. Lewis was in the service during the greater part of the war and was a prisoner at the battle of Gettysburg.

An old-fashioned demonstration of the Democrats and Conservatives of the central and lower parts of Cumberland Valley, came off at Centreville, on Saturday night last. [The list of officers of this meeting has not been handed us at this writing.] Speeches were made by J. W. Dickerson and Wm. Hartley, Esqs. In passing, we would just say that when men like William Hartley leave their business to take part in a political struggle, it is one of those signs which indicate that the people feel the necessity for a change. Mr. Hartley is doing good service in the conservative cause. There will be a good report from Cumberland Valley on the ninth of October. The gallant Democracy of little Berks are thoroughly aroused, and many who honestly differed with us in the past, but who cannot vote the Thad. Stevens' ticket, are returning to the fold. We all feel kindly toward these men and welcome them back. A Johnson-Clymer club was organized at this meeting.

On Saturday evening last the Veteran Corps of Southampton turned out at Adams' Mills, as well as conservative men of the opposition. On motion of Wm. Adams, Esq., Michael Miller, the old forest-oak of Democracy, who has voted the one ticket at one poll for over sixty years, was called to the chair, assisted by David Rowland and David Howsare as Vice Presidents, and Adam Fetter, Edw. Northcraft and Jacob Keefer as Secretaries. When feelings of patriotism bring the Mills, the Fetters, the Rowlands and Howsares, nearly all of whom are bordering four-score years, to a night meeting, it is not hard to guess results. The meeting was addressed by Palmer and Shannon and the enthusiasm was great. Your correspondent, mentions with great gratification the hot coffee and other good things provided for him and others after the meeting was over, by Mrs. Adams.

On Friday evening last, the Democrats and Conservative Republicans assembled at Perdew's school house. The meeting was well and largely attended. On motion of Arch. Perdew, Esq., Francis Donahoe was called to the chair; Christopher Wagner and D. S. Rice were elected Vice Presidents, and John Casteel and Lennox Ash were elected Secretaries. Ladies turned out as well as old men and young. The meeting was addressed by John Palmer and O. E. Shannon, and the very best feeling prevailed. There are no "Bedford Equal Rights Leagues No. 38" there, nor no white people to be outraged by them.

The gallant Democracy of Juniata township, assembled at Gardill's Store, on Monday evening last. A large crowd was present. On motion of P. F. Lehman, Esq., the meeting was organized by the appointment of John Corley, Sr., President; Daniel Shroyer, Francis Hayman, Solomon Clite and Michael Barkley, as Vice Presidents; and John Lafferty, Albert Corley, Jr., and Jacob Hillegass, Secretaries. J. G. Fisher, Esq., addressed the meeting in English and B. F. Meyers in English and German. Great enthusiasm prevailed and the meeting adjourned with repeated cheers for Johnson, Grant, Clymer and the Union.

On Monday night last, a large and enthusiastic meeting of Democrats and Conservatives was held at Bowser's school house, in Colerain township.—The meeting was organized by the appointment of Reuben Smith, President; Geo. A. Diehl, Josiah Shoemaker, F. Freind, Henry Reed, and Wm. H. Beegle as Vice Presidents; and Josh. Diehl, Josiah Haley, D. F. Diehl, Richard Price and Daniel Beegle, Secretaries. Speeches were made by Senator Latta, of Greensburg, and Wm. Hartley, Esq., which were well received by an attentive and enthusiastic audience. A good report may be expected from Colerain on the ninth of October.

CLASSICAL SCHOOL IN BEDFORD.—We are glad to be able to announce to our readers, that a Classical School, for young ladies and gentlemen, is to be revived in Bedford, similar to that kept by the Rev. John Lyon, and will open at the latter's school house on Monday the first of October. The teacher will be Mr. John T. Huggard, Bachelor of Arts, formerly a graduate of the Toronto University, who, we are informed, is thoroughly proficient as a Latin, Greek and French scholar, and also in Mathematics and the different branches of a first class English education. We hope the school will be well sustained.

THE ROLLING MILL PROJECT.—$22,000 has already been subscribed toward the proposed erection of a Rolling Mill in the Northern part of Bedford county. This is an enterprise in which all are interested. Subscriptions to the stock will be received at this office. Let every body subscribe.

NEW GOODS.—J. M. Shoemaker has just received and opened a large and splendid assortment of Calicoes, Muslins, Dress Goods of all kinds, Ready-made Clothing, Groceries, &c., &c. These goods were bought at the lowest market prices, and will be sold accordingly. Give him a call.

BOUNTY TO COLORED SOLDIERS.—We call attention to the card of Mr. Gilmore, of Washington, D. C., in our advertising columns.

—The Lebanon *Advertiser* says that "Gen. Geary put a guard over a spring to keep the water nice for himself and staff, and made the privates get their water and drink from a dirty stream," and adds that "he never treated a private with even ordinary respect."

—An order has been issued abolishing the Provost Marshal General's Bureau.

—In Cincinnatti, during the first ten days of August, 892 persons died of cholera.

—The rads have suddenly dropped General Grant as a candidate for the Presidency.

—Austria has unconditionally ceded Venetia to Italy.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BLACK AS A CROW, a few years since, was many a splendid head that is now grey or grizzled. Why not restore it to the yet unwrinkled brow its raven honors? Five minutes effects the splendid transformation. In less time than a rifleman would take to

LOAD AND FIRE

three times the greyest head may be made darker than the

RAVEN'S WING.

No matter of what undesirable tint the hair or whiskers or beard may be, the change to a superb and perfectly natural black or brown is accomplished by one application of

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

without staining the skin or injuring the filaments. Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. aug.24-1m.

DR. TOBIAS' VENITIAN HORSE LINIMENT.—Pint Bottles at One Dollar, for the cure of lameness, scratches, wind galls, sprains, bruises, splints, cuts, colic, slipping stifle, over heating; sore throat, nail in the foot, etc. It is warranted cheaper and better than any other article ever offered to the public. Thousands of animals have been cured of the colic and over heating by this Liniment; and hundreds that were crippled and lame have been restored to their former vigor.—It is used by all the first horsemen throughout the States. Orders are constantly received from the racing stables of England for fresh supplies of this invaluable article. *Over 2,500 testimonials have been received. Remember*, one dollar laid out in time may save the life of your horse. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Courtlandt street, New York. aug.24-1m.

PERMANENT AND WIDE-SPREAD SUCCESS IS THE BEST EVIDENCE OF THE GOODNESS OF BRANDRETH'S PILLS.—They should be in every family, ready for use on the first symptoms of disease occurring. This method will often save life. Remember, the

CHOLERA MUST BE TREATED AS A POISON,

and your safety demands it should be got rid of without delay. Colds, rheumatism, asthma, pleurisy, diarrhœa, colics, in fact, all sickness is the consequence of active impurities in the blood.—These being removed, the health is restored at once.

Observe my name in the Government stamp in white letters. Sold by Druggists

aug.24-1m. B. BRANDRETH.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.—Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. Others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York

Jan. 5, '66—1y.

MARRIED.

FOOR—SPARKS—On the 13th inst., by the Rev G. C Probst, Mr. Jacob J. Foor and Miss Elizabeth Sparks, both of West Providence township.

TROSTLE—BOWSER—On Sunday morning, 9th inst., at the M. E Parsonage in this place, by the Rev. A. R. Miller, Josiah Trostle and Margaret Bowser, both of Friend's Cove.

New Advertisements.

BOUNTY TO COLORED VOLUNTEERS.—The undersigned will promptly attend to the collection of the bounty allowed to colored volunteers under the Act of Congress, which appropriates $3 00 to all colored men who enlisted and served in the U. S. Army in the late war. All applications punctually attended to.

Address JAMES B. GILMORE,
sep.21 —3t Claim Agent, Washington, D. C.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—Buy your TINWARE at
Aug 10—tf. B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

Legal Notices.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, in and by an act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give public notice of said elections and to enumerate in said notice what officers are to be elected, I, JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff of the county of Bedford, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Bedford, that a General Election will be held in said county, on the

SECOND TUESDAY (9th) OF OCTOBER,

1866, at the several election districts, viz:

The electors of the Borough of Bedford and township of Bedford, to meet at the Court House in said borough.

The electors of Broad Top township and Coal Dale borough to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Bloody Run to meet at the House of Daniel B. Ott in said borough.

The electors of Colerain township to meet at the house of D. Stuckey in Rainsburg in said township.

The electors of Cumberland Valley township to meet at the new school house erected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said township.

The electors of Harrison township to meet at school house No. 5, near the dwelling house of Wm. Ream, in said township.

The electors of Juniata township to meet at Keyser's school house in said township.

The electors of Hopewell township to meet at the school house near the house of John Dasher in said township.

The electors of Londonderry township to meet at the house now occupied by Wm. H. Hill as a shop in Bridgeport in said township.

The electors of Liberty township to meet at the school house in Stonerstown in said township.

The electors of Monroe township to meet at the house lately occupied by James Carnell in Clearville in said township.

The electors of Schellsburg borough to meet at the brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Napier township to meet at the brick school house in the borough of Schellsburg.

The electors of East Providence township to meet at the house lately occupied by John Nycum, jr., in said township.

The electors of Snake Spring township to meet at the school house near the Methodist church on the land of John G. Hartley.

The electors of West Providence township to meet at school house No. 4, near David Sparks, in said township.

The electors of St. Clair township to meet at the school house near the residence of Joseph Griffith in said township.

The electors of Union township to meet at the school house near Mowry's mill in said township.

The electors of South Woodberry township to meet at the house of Samuel Oster near Noble's mill in said township.

The electors of Southampton township to meet at the house of Wm. Adams in said township.

The electors of Middle Woodberry township to meet at the house of Henry Fiuke in the village of Woodberry.

At which time and place the qualified electors will elect by ballot:

ONE PERSON for the office of Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON in conjunction with the counties of Somerset, Fulton, Franklin and Adams for the office of Member of Congress of the United States.

ONE PERSON in conjunction with the counties of Somerset and Fulton, for the office of Senator of Pennsylvania.

TWO PERSONS, in conjunction with the counties of Somerset and Fulton, for the office of Members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for the office of Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of the Quarter Sessions and Orphans' Court of Bedford county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Sheriff of Bedford county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Associate Judge of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Commissioner of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Poor Director of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Auditor of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Coroner of said county.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That every person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of assembly entitled "an act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, farther provides as follows, viz:

"That the Inspector and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before 8 o'clock in the morning of the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as Inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place, and if any vacancy still continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said Inspectors or other of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white citizen of the age of twenty-one or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. *Provided*, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the age of twenty-one and twenty two years who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid tax.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants, furnished by the Commissioners, unless: First, he produce a receipt of payment, within two years of State or County tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence on his own oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof; or second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and gives such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the Inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, and the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such a vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make a like note in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the Commissioners, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election and shall also swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove within the district for the purpose of voting.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election, under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block up or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force or violence, with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be imprisoned for any time not less than one nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward or district where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of an election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved 12th day of March, 1866: AN ACT, Regulating the mode of voting at all elections, in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed, or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, "judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labelled, "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of senator, member, and members of assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled, "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in seperate ballot-boxes.

SECTION 2. That it shall be the duty of the Sheriffs, in the several counties of this Commonwealth, to insert in their election proclamations, hereafter issued the first section of this act.

JAMES R. KELLEY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
DAVID FLEMING,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—the thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.
A. G. CURTIN.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at Bedford, on the Friday next following the holding of said election, then and there to perform those things required of them by law.

Given under my hand, at my office in Bedford, this 31st day of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the ninety-first of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN ALSTADT, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bedford, August 31 1866.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the estate of Frederick Miller, late of Hopewell township, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon, will present them duly authenticated for settlement. WILLIAM DORRIER,
aug.24-6t. Adm'r

Boots, Shoes and Varieties.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN BEDFORD!

THE REGULATOR

AND BEDFORD

CLOTHING EMPORIUM

IN ADVANCE OF ALL OTHERS.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS!

CLOTHING, CASIMERES, HATS of all kinds laid in at prices to suit the times.

If you want a good Coat go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Boots, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Vest, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Shoes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Pants, go to the Regulator.
If you want a suit of Clothes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Shirt, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Hat, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Gaiter or Shoe go to the Reg'r.
If you want good Cassimere, go to the Regulator.
If you want a variety of Notions, go to the Reg'r.
If you want a fashionable Coat, go to the Regulator
If you want fashionable Pants & Vests go to the Regulator.
If you want a fashionable Suit, go to the Regulator.
If you want Queensware or Glassware, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Spices of any kind, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Flavoring Extracts, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Toilet Soap or Perfumery, go the Regulator.
If you want good Hosiery, Gloves, Neck-ties collars, &c., go to the Regulator.
If you want any thing in our line, go to the Bedford Clothing Emporium and Boot, Shoe and Notion Regulator, No. 2, Anderson's Row.

Goods of all kinds ordered from the Eastern cities to accommodate customers.

H. F. IRVINE.
Sept. 7, 1866. R. W. BERKSTRESSER.

THE PURLIC WILL PLEASE NOTICE.—1st. That we furnish for delivery, books equal in every respect to the sample copies or description given in prospectus. Subscribers will not be obliged to take the work unless it corresponds with the description in every particular.

2d. We instruct Agents to have but one price for our publications, under penalty of a refusal to supply their lists, and a canceling of their appointments.

3d. We sell our books exclusively by subscription, through our traveling Agents, and in no case through bookstores; therefore "booksellers" cannot obtain them.

4th. To avoid delaying the Agent, whose time is valuable, subscribers are requested to be prepared with the price of the book on its presentation by the Agent.

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Publishers.
sept.7-3t. 507 Minor Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.—Notice is hereby given to all persons, without respect to persons, who shall wilfully trespass on the premises of the undersigned, in Bedford township, either by hunting, gathering nuts, cutting timber, or in any way whatever, will be dealt with according to the extreme penalty of the law.
sept.7-3t.* PHILIP LITTLE.

CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK OF STOVES, TINWARE, &c.
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied with all kinds of TINWARE on the shortest notice, at B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

ANTI-DUST PARLOR STOVES—SPEAR'S PATENT, at
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

PRINTERS' INK has made many a business man rich We ask you to try it in the columns of THE GAZETTE

EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at low rates at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office. Call and leave your orders.

B. MC. BLYMYER & CO., Wholesale and Retail dealers in Stoves, Tinware, &c. No. 1, "Stone Row," Bedford, Pa.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!—*Scratch! Scratch! Scratch!*—WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 60 cents to Weeks & Potter, Sole agents, 170 Washington street Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

jun8,'66—1y

Dry-Goods, Groceries, &c.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—The undersigned have now opened a large and general assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

to which they respectfully invite the attention of buyers, assuring them they will find

BARGAINS

in every department of our stock.

TERMS:

CASH PREFERRED.

By special agreement a credit of six months can be had.

INTEREST CHARGED

on all accounts after period named.

may1,'66. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

SELLING OFF AT COST!!

P. A. REED,

Intending to relinquish the Mercantile business, in Bedford,

IS CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, &c.,

AT COST!

A rare chance to buy goods, of all kinds, cheap.

Call and see

jun1,'66.

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

REMEMBER THE

NEW CHEAP STORE,

At St. Clairsville, Pa.

GOODS OF ALL KINDS SOLD AT SMALL PROFITS.

OPPENHEIMER

Has just received from the East, and offers for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES,

a large and varied assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

of every description and of the best quality;

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

a large assortment, to suit all classes;

NOTIONS,

in endless variety;

MUSLINS,

all kinds, very cheap;

CALICOES,

from the best manufactures.

Our stock of

DRY GOODS

is unsurpassed, and we ask all to give us a call, if they desire to get BARGAINS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

of every description, for sale at the LOWEST PRICES. We also make CLOTHING of all kinds TO ORDER, at short notice, and upon the most reasonable terms. We also keep constantly on hand a splendid assortment of PIECE GOODS:—

CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
CLOTHS,
&c., &c.

and Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods of all kinds.

We also have a fine assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
WILLOW-WARE,
&c., &c., &c.,

together with everything usually found in a well assorted store, all of which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Remember

OPPENHEIMER'S

New Cheap Store, St. Clairsville, Pa.

jul.27.—6m.

Fancy Stores.

MISS KATE DEAL & MRS. M. R. SCHAEFFER have just returned from the city with a fine assortment of fashionable

BONNETS,
HATS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
GLOVES,

ladies' and gents' hose, ladies' and gents' handkerchiefs and collars, fancy neck-ties, ruffling, dress buttons and trimming, machine silk and cotton, hair brushes, tooth brushes, clothes brushes, soaps, perfumery, enamel, skirt braid, embroidering braid, ladies' corsets and hoops, balmoral skirts, lace veils, tissue for veils, cloths for sacks, dress goods, poplins, lawns, ginghams, &c., &c.

Mantua-making and all kinds of Milliner work done in the *cheapest and best* manner.

may 11'66.

LETTER HEADS AND BILL HEADS, and ENVELOPES for business men, printed in the best style of the art, at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

ORDERS from a distance for any kind of JOB PRINTING promptly attended to. Send to THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE, Bedford, Pa.

BRITTANIA AND JAPANNED WARE, all kinds, at
B. Mc. BLYMYER & CO'S.

MAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE

Real Estate Sales.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—200 acres, situate in Liberty Township, Bedford County, on the Juniata river and Huntingdon & Broad Top Rail Road. Well improved, fine meadows, fruit and timber—a very desirable property, at the head of market—the property of Capt. Joseph S. Reed. Will be sold cheap.—For price, &c., apply to JOHN P. REED,
aug 24-tf. Att'y, at Bedford.

FARM FOR SALE.—200 acres, one-half under cultivation, well improved. Fruit and Timber abundant. Situate in Napier township. For particulars, price, &c., apply to JHON P. REED, Ag't.
aug.27-6t Bedford, Pa

VALUABLE FARM AND MILL PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his farm and mill property, situate in Union township, Bedford county, Pa., near the town of Marietta, containing about 200 ACRES, about 150 acres of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance is well timbered. There are TWO ORCHARDS of choice fruit trees on this property. The improvements are a GRIST MILL in good running order, SAW MILL, FOUR DWELLING HOUSES, a frame BANK BARN and other outbuildings.

Terms of sale will be made reasonable. Any person desiring to purchase can see the property by calling on the subscriber, on the premises.
aug.2.—3m. ADOLPHUS AKE.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale the following valuable bodies of land:

THREE CHOICE TRACTS OF LAND, containing 156 acres each, situated on the Illinois Central Railroad, in Champaign county, State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and one mile from Rantoul Station on said Railroad. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never-failing pond of water upon it. The city of Urbana contains about 4,000 inhabitants. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing county in Illinois.

ALSO—*One-fourth of a tract of land,* situated in Broad Top township, Bedford county, containing about 45 acres, with all the coal veins of Broad Top running through it.

ALSO—*Three Lots in the town of Coalmont,* Huntingdon county.
Jan 25, '66-tf F. C. REAMER.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.—One lot of ground in the centre of Bloody Run, fronting on Main street about sixty-five feet, one of the very best business locations in Bloody Run. Also, ten acres of wood land, adjacent to Bloody Run, lying on the Bedford Rail Road, containing first rate iron ore and having thereon a never-failing spring of water.

For particulars inquire at the store of Mrs. S. E. Mann, Bloody Run, or of Dr. Hickok, Bedford, Pa.
Dec 15, '65.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE, OF VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, administrators of the estate of John Smith, Esq., late of the borough of Schellsburg, dec'd, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, the Real Estate of said deceased, situated in the borough of Schellsburg aforesaid, on TUESDAY the 2d day of OCTOBER, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., consisting of LOT No. 13, fronting 60 feet on Pittsburg street and extending back 250 feet to an alley, adjoining an alley and lot of Samuel Coil on the West, having thereon erected a two-story Brick Mansion House, Brick Store House and Stable, Wash House, Carriage House, Wood House and Granery, a Well of good water, a Cistern and a fine variety of choice Fruit Trees on the premises. Also LOT No. 14, adjoining the above, and same dimensions, having thereon erected a large two-story Brick Blacksmith Shop, a Frame Office and Stable. The shop could very readily be remodeled into a dwelling. This is a very pleasant property, in good repair, and in a very pleasant village. TERMS CASH. If desired time might be given for a part of the purchase money. All incumbrances can be had by calling on JNO. P. REED, Att'y, at Bedford, or the subscribers at Schellsburg.

J. PIPER SMITH.
SIMON E. HAMAKER.
sept.7-4t. Administrators.

EXTENSIVE PRIVATE SALE O

Clothing, etc.

HOME AGAIN!!!!!

BY THE BARD OF LIPPEL'S HALL.

Home again! Home again!
From a foreign shore;
And now I'll get some handsome clothes
From LIPPEL'S Clothing Store.

Far I have roamed the world around,
But none like their's can find;
To such as I could get abroad,
I had to be resigned.

But oh, it caused my heart to ache,
My countenance to fall,
To buy such clothes from others,
When I thought of LIPPEL'S Hall.

Oh, you are highly favored,
Who live on Juniata shore,
For you can always get your clothes
At LIPPEL'S Clothing Store.

And all who have to travel,
Will these my words recall;
For none make clothes as good and cheap
As those at LIPPEL'S Hall.

Where you can always find the largest stock of MEN and BOY'S CLOTHING, together with PIECE GOODS for Custom order. Also a lot of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.
jun15.'66.

This is a special invitation to the reader to call at the *BEDFORD CLOTHING* EMPORIUM, and examine our stock of *Ready-made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Piece Goods,* Prices to suit the buyers.
BERKSTRESSER & SMITH.
apr.27,'66.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—GEO. REIMUND, Merchant Tailor, Bedford, Pa., keeps constantly on hand ready-made clothing, such as coats, pants, vests, &c.; also a general assortment of cloths, cassimeres, and gents' furnishing goods of all kinds; also calicoes, muslins, &c., all of which *will be sold low for cash.* My room is a few doors west of Fyan's store and opposite Rush's marble yard. I invite *all* to give me a call. I have just received a stock of new goods.
may25,'66.

Hotels.

BEDFORD HOTEL.—The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.
☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.
JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.
Jan. 15, '64

THE MENGEL HOUSE,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.
The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that he has recently enlarged, improved and refitted his house, both for the accommodation of travelers and boarders, as well as country customers. Persons coming to this place for the purpose of visiting the Bedford Springs, will find this house pleasantly located.
Ample and convenient Stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also a safe and convenient carriage house.
All are invited to give him a call.
ISAAC MENGEL, Proprietor.
April 15, '64.

MORRISON HOUSE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
I have purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public.—The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
may25,'66.-tf.

UNION HOTEL,
WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA:
V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.
This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms.
May 9,'62.

WEAVER HOTEL, *St. Clairsville, Pa.*—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has leased the hotel lately kept by Mr. S. Crissman, St Clairsville, Pa., where he will accommodate all who may favor him with their custom.
junS.-3m. HENRY WEAVER.

JACKSON HOTEL,
Railroad Street,
HUNTINGDON, Pa.
C. SNELL.
apr.13,'66. Proprietor.

MANHOOD; HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.—*Just published, a new edition of* DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity Impediments to Marriage, etc., also Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits induced by self-Indulgence or Sexual extravagance.
The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.
Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain, sealed envelop, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y., Post Office Box 4586.
Feb 16, '66—1y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of J. B. Williams & Brother, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons owing accounts or notes to said firm will please call and settle immediately, as in a short time they will be placed in other hands for collection J. B. WILLIAMS.
S. D. WILLIAMS.
Bloody Run, March 15, '66.

The undersigned having taken the stand heretofore occupied by J. B. Williams & Brother, wishes to say to his friends that he feels grateful for past favors and begs a continuance of the same. But will give notice that he cannot sell goods on long credits, and persons buying must not leave their accounts stand over *six* months.
J. B. WILLIAMS.
Bloody Run, March 15, '66

PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the *ERIE PUMP*— certainly the only pump well adapted to this climate
☞Persons in need of a GOOD PUMP, will do well to give me a call.
☞Orders from all parts of the county attended to with promptness.
ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg
Aug. 1, '65—1y

A RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED ALL PERSONS
To display their Goods;
To sell their Goods:
To gather information;
To make known their wants;
&c., &c. &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania.

MERCHANTS' SHOW BILLS, printed in superior style, and upon reasonable terms, at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office.

Medical.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay to any Doctor or member of the Medical Fraternity, the sum of $100 for any Compound that possesses more medicinal virtues and curative powers than Mishler's Herb Bitters.
B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.--1y. Lancaster, Pa.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay $100 Reward for the discovery of any medicinal preparation that can cure a greater variety of complaints than Mishler's Herb Bitters.
B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y Lancaster, Pa.

500 DOLLARS REWARD!

I will pay $500 to the Proprietor of any Medicine that can show a greater number of genuine Certificates of cures effected by it near the place where it is made, than MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS—of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bloody Flux, Diarrhœa, Typhoid, Remittent, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Cholera Morbus, Yellow Jaundice, Scrofula, Running or Sore Legs, Cancer, Abscess, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, Cramp in the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Tetter, Scald Head, Ophnema, or falling away-sickness peculiar to children, Leucorrhea, Falling of the Womb, all obstructions to the due course of nature in females, all venerial diseases, and all complaints arising from impure Blood or a weak and disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. Certificates of cures of the Yellow Fever in Mexico can also be furnished. *Remember* if it does not cure, the money will be refunded by the proprietor.
BENJAMIN MISHLER,
E. Corner of Centre Square,
Lancaster, Pa.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

The ingredients used in compounding Mishler's Herb Bitters are not kept secret by the Proprietor. Send for a circular and you will learn the medical properties of all the articles used in its preparation; also in the manner in which they operate on the system, and much other valuable information. If you are afflicted with disease send for one of Mishler's Herb Bitters Circulars; read it carefully, profit by the hints it contains, and you will be placed on the sure road of recovery.
may11.—1y.

MISHLER'S BITTERS
WILL
CURE ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN!

Diseases of the skin are numerous and, with but one or two exceptions, may all be traced to impurity of the blood. In many persons this impurity is born in the system; while others acquire it through improper treatment of scores of diseases. Under this head may be classed—

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Miscellaneous.

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thus striking at the root of disease, and driving it from the system.
CROUP.
This disease is announced by difficulty of breathing, shrill whistling or wheezing, hacking cough and threatened suffocation, &c. It mostly occurs in young children. No child need die of croup if this Syrup is properly used and used in time.—Mothers having croupy children should watch the first show of the disease, and always keep this remedy at hand.
For coughs after measles this syrup is most excellent. Experience has proven that it is equalled by no other preparation.
The price of the remedy is such as to place it within the reach of all, the poor as well as the rich, and every person should have it.
Every person should have it in the house. It is a true and faithful friend to all who value health and wish to secure themselves against that most terrible disease, consumption. It will be found the most useful as well as the cheapest family medicine in the world. It has been used for the last four years with a success without a parallel.
Price 50 cts. per b